| Question <br> Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $1(\mathrm{a})(\mathrm{i})$ | an explanation linking the <br> following | (2)decomposition (of <br> compound/substance <br> /electrolyte)(1) <br> up <br> ignore separating <br> reject splitting of <br> atoms/elements/molecules for M1 |  |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1(a)(ii) | (damp blue) litmus (paper) <br> (1) | (turns red then) \{bleaches <br> / goes white\} (1) | allow bleaches indicator for 1 mark <br> ignore indicator goes lighter <br> ignore smells of chlorine/swimming <br> pools <br> ignore any incorrect middle colour <br> mentioned |
| use of suitable named indicator with |  |  |  |
| correct result |  |  |  |
| e. |  |  |  |
| (damp) universal indicator paper |  |  |  |
| (1) |  |  |  |
| (turns red then) bleaches (1) |  |  |  |$\quad$| (2) |
| :--- |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1(a) (iii) | poly(chloroethene) | PVC/polyvinylchloride/ <br> polychloroethene/poly(chlorethene) | $(1)$ |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $1(\mathrm{~b})(\mathrm{i})$ | $\mathrm{D} \mathrm{AgCl}(\mathrm{s})$ |  | $(1)$ |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1(b)(ii) | same/no change |  | (1) |


| Question Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1(b)(iii) | $\mathrm{HCl}+\mathrm{AgNO}_{3} \rightarrow \mathrm{AgCl}+\mathrm{HNO}_{3}$ <br> - reactant formulae (1) <br> - product formulae (1) | $\mathrm{Ag}^{+}+\mathrm{Cl}^{-} \rightarrow \mathrm{AgCl}$ <br> max 1 if any incorrect attempt to balance <br> reject incorrect use of cases and non-subscripts | (2) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 ( a ) ( i )}$ | $\mathrm{B} \quad \mathrm{H}^{+}$and $\mathrm{Na}^{+}$ions |  | (1) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 ( a ) ( i i )}$ | An explanation linking | ignore reference to number of <br> electrons <br> do not allow negative charge |  |
| - electron(s) (1) <br> (have been) lost/removed <br> electrons | chlorine gains electrons (0) <br> allow chlorine loses electrons (1) | (2) |  |


| Question Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2(a)(iii) | Any one from <br> - it contains (excess) \{hydroxide/ $\mathrm{OH}^{-}$\} ions (1) <br> - $\quad\left\{\right.$ sodium $\left./ \mathrm{Na}^{+}\right\}$ions and \{hydroxide/ $\mathrm{OH}^{-}$\} ions remain (1) <br> - it is sodium hydroxide/ NaOH <br> - $\left\{\right.$ hydrogen $\left./ \mathrm{H}^{+}\right\}$ions have been removed (at the cathode) (1) | ignore solution has pH greater than 7 <br> allow no hydrogen ions left/acidic ions removed | (1) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 ( a ) ( i v )}$ | use $\{$ molten/liquid \} \{sodium <br> chloride /electrolyte\} / melt <br> \{it/sodium chloride/electrolyte\} | ignore just liquid/liquid sodium | (1) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 ( b ) ( i )}$ | An explanation linking | Marking point 1 <br> \{hydroxide/ $\left.\mathrm{OH}^{-}\right\}$ions <br> (from water)(1) | half equation, even unbalanced, <br> electrons (2) |
| Marking point 2 <br> (ions) lose electrons /are <br> oxidised (1) | do not allow marking point 1 if <br> only \{oxygen/sulfate\} ions <br> mentioned | (2) |  |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 ( b ) ( i i )}$ | $1.27 / 63.5(1)(=0.02)$ | 0.02 with no working (1) <br> correct working with incorrect <br> answer (1) | (1) |


| Question <br> number | Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3(a)(i) | C | (1) |


| Question <br> number | Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3(a)(ii) | C | (1) |


| Question <br> number | Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{3 ( b )}$ | reactants are being used up (1) | (1) |


| Question <br> number | Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{3 ( c )}$ | An explanation that combines identification via a judgement <br> $(1$ mark) to reach a conclusion via justification/reasoning <br> $(1$ mark): | ( aluminium and copper have different size atoms (1) <br> and so this prevents the layers of metal atoms from sliding <br> over one another (1) |


| Question <br> number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3(d) | proportion gold $=9 \div 24$ <br> $(=0.375)(1)$ <br> mass $=0.375 \times 12=4.5(\mathrm{~g})(1)$ | Award full marks for correct <br> numerical answer without <br> working. | (2) |


| Question <br> number | Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4(a) | An explanation that combines identification - application of <br> knowledge (1 mark) and reasoning/justification - application of <br> understanding (1 mark): <br> $\bullet \quad$ J and $\mathbf{K}$ are electrolytes (1) <br> because their solutions conduct electricity and are <br> decomposed (1) | (2) |


| Question <br> number | Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4(b) | D | (1) |


| Question number | Answer | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4(c) | An explanation that combines identification - understanding <br> (1 mark) and reasoning/justification - understanding (3 marks): <br> - hydrogen $\left(\mathrm{H}^{+}\right)$and sodium $\left(\mathrm{Na}^{+}\right)$ions attracted to cathode, hydroxide $\left(\mathrm{OH}^{-}\right)$ions and sulfate ( $\mathrm{SO}_{4}{ }^{2-}$ ) ions attracted to anode (1) <br> - because the ions are attracted to the oppositely charged electrode (1) <br> - 2 hydrogen ions $/ 2 \mathrm{H}^{+}$accept 2 e to form hydrogen molecule/ $\mathrm{H}_{2}$ (1) <br> - 4 hydroxide ions/ $4 \mathrm{OH}^{-}$lose 4 e to form oxygen molecule/ $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ (1) | (4) |


| Question <br> number | Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4(d) | $\mathrm{Cu}^{2+}+2 \mathrm{e}^{-} \rightarrow \mathrm{Cu}$ <br> all species (1) <br> balancing (1) | (2) |


| Question Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5(a)(i) | $2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{H}_{2}+\mathrm{O}_{2}$ <br> - reactant formula (1) <br> - product formulae (1) <br> - balancing correct formulae (1) | Allow 1 mark for $2 \mathrm{H}^{2} \mathrm{O} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{H}^{2}+\mathrm{O}^{2}$ <br> I gnore state symbols I gnore word equations | (3) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5(a)(ii) | A description including the following: <br> - lighted splint / ignite gas / <br> gas burns( 1) |  |  |
| with (squeaky) pop (if air <br> present) (1) |  | (2) |  |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{5 ( a ) ( \text { iii) }}$ | A description including the following |  |  |
|  | • glowing splint (1) |  |  |
|  | relights (1) | smouldering splint <br> I gnore blown out splint <br> lighted splint burns brighter = 2 | (2) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{5 ( b ) ( i )}$ | B |  | $\mathbf{( 1 )}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{5 ( b ) ( i i )}$ | use a fume cupboard/open all the <br> windows/(good) ventilation/wear a <br> gas mask | I gnore do not breathe in | (1) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{5 ( c )}$ | hydrochloric (acid) | I gnore HCl | (1) |

